



Problem Sheet 9

Due Date: 27.04.2020, 12:00 UTC+2 (CEST)

Problem 1. [3 pts] Solve the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 9x_2 - 2x_3 + 17x_4 - 13x_5 = 16 \\ 2x_1 + 7x_2 + 7x_4 - 2x_5 = 11 \\ 2x_1 + 5x_2 - 2x_3 + 13x_4 - 13x_5 = 11 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 5x_4 - 4x_5 = 5 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

Problem 2. [3 pts] Which values of $r \in \mathbb{R}$ make the following system solvable? Find these solutions.

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 3 \\ 3x_1 + 8x_2 + 8x_3 + 7x_4 = 9 \\ 2x_1 + 5x_2 + 6x_3 + 5x_4 = 7 \\ rx_4 + x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 5 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Problem 3. [2+2+1+3* pts] Compute determinants of

i) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 6 & 0 \\ 8 & 7 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$

ii) $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 0 & 6 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 0 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

iii) $\det(A^5 B^2)$

iv) (*) show that for the following $n \times n$ matrix

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ a_1 & a_2 & \dots & a_n \\ a_1^2 & a_2^2 & \dots & a_n^2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ a_1^{n-1} & a_2^{n-1} & \dots & a_n^{n-1} \end{bmatrix} = \prod_{j>i}(a_j - a_i)$$

Problem 4. [3+2 pts] Show that A^{-1} of a triangular matrix A is a triangular matrix. What can you say about relation between $[A]_{ii}$ and $[A^{-1}]_{ii}$? (diagonals of A and A^{-1})



Problem 5. [2+2+2 pts] Invert matrices

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 & 2 \\ -1 & -2 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and solve (if possible) $A_i x = b_i$, $i = 1, 2$ with A_i above and $b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 0 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$, $b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Problem 6. [3 pts] What are the values of parameters $s, t \in \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$c_1 = (5, 7, s, 2), c_2 = (1, 3, 2, 1), c_3 = (2, 2, 4, t)$$

of \mathbb{R}^4 are linearly independent?

Problem 7. [3 pts] Gram-Schmidt orthonormalize

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ (starting with the last one)}$$

Problem 8. [2+3+1 pts] We denote

- a) (e_i) - the canonical basis
- b) ϵ_{ijk} - alternating symbol (Levi-Civita symbol)
- c) δ_{ij} - Kronecker delta

Prove the following \mathbb{R}^3 identities

- i) the $\epsilon - \delta$ identity : $\epsilon_{ijk}\epsilon_{ipq} = \delta_{jp}\delta_{kq} - \delta_{jq}\delta_{kp}$
- ii) $u \times (v \times w) = (u \cdot w)v - (u \cdot v)w$
- iii) $u \times (v \times w) + v \times (w \times u) + w \times (u \times v) = 0$